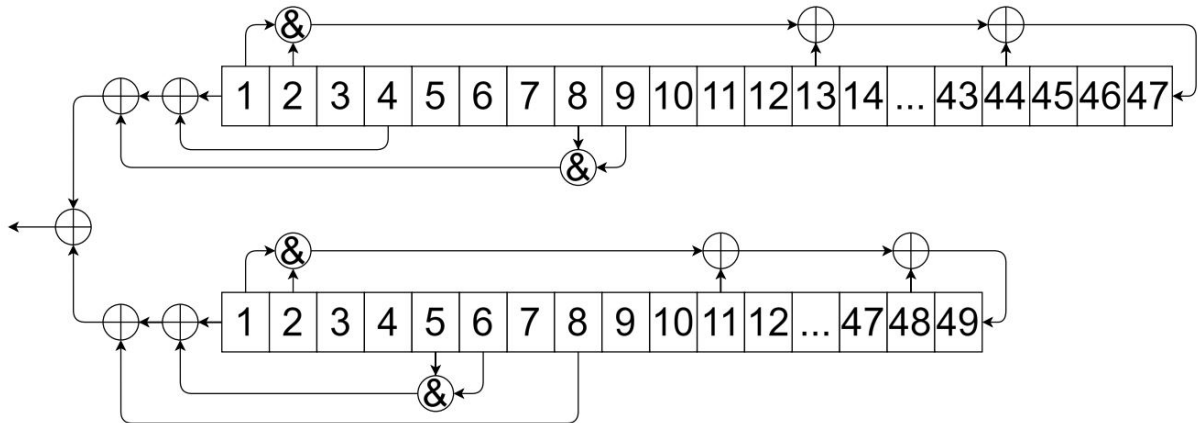


## Problem 7. «A nonlinear generator»

Alice invented a keystream generator presented at the figure:



It consists of two shift registers of lengths 47 and 49 with non-linear feedback functions. The contents of the cells of a specific register at any time moment  $t = 1, 2, \dots$  form the state number  $t$  of this register. At time  $t$ , each register first generates keystream bit number  $t$  and then transitions to the next state number  $t + 1$ . The states of the registers at moment  $t$  are denoted as

$$A(t) = (a_1(t), \dots, a_{47}(t)) \text{ and } B(t) = (b_1(t), \dots, b_{49}(t)) \text{ respectively.}$$

Both registers are shifted synchronously. For instance,

$$A(t + 1) = (a_2(t), \dots, a_{47}(t), (a_1(t) \& a_2(t)) \oplus a_{13}(t) \oplus a_{44}(t)).$$

The keystream  $\Gamma$  of length 8192, created by this generator, is given and can be found in [keystream.txt](#). Also, the states  $A(8192)$  and  $B(8192)$  are known:

$$A(8192) = (00101001110001001110111001100001010100000101110),$$

$$B(8192) = (0000010000101001000011000001010111001110000100101).$$

Could you find the initial states  $A(1)$  and  $B(1)$  of these registers?