Problem 1. «A 1024-bit key»

Alice has a 1024-bit key for a symmetric cipher (the key consists of 0s and 1s). Alice is afraid of malefactors, so she changes her key everyday in the following way:

1. Alice chooses a subsequence of key bits such that the first bit and the last bit are equal to 0. She also can choose a subsequence of length 1 that contains only 0.
2. Alice inverts all the bits in this subsequence (0 turns into 1 and vice versa); bits outside of this subsequence remain as they are.

Prove that the process will stop. Find the key that will be obtained by Alice in the end of the process.

Example of an operation. 11001$\underbrace{01101110}$011... turns to 11001$\underbrace{10010001}$011...